

FOSTERING RESILIENT LEARNING PROJECT

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PLAN

Draft for Public Consultations

January 25th, 2021





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Acronyms and abbreviations

| CERC | Contingency Emergency Response Component |
|--------|--|
| CHMP | Cultural Heritage Management Plan |
| CLB | Charles Leopold Bell |
| CRPP | Child Resilience Protection Project |
| ECC | Educational Care Center |
| EMIS | Education Management Information System |
| EMP | Education Master Plan |
| ESF | Environmental Social Framework |
| ERP | Emergency Recovery Project |
| FRLP | Fostering Resilient Learning Project |
| GoSM | Government of Sint Maarten |
| GRM | Grievance Redress Mechanism |
| MECYS | Ministry of Education, Culture, Youth, and Sports |
| MIS | Management Information System |
| MMIS | Ministry Management Information System |
| NRPB | National Recovery Program Bureau |
| NRRP | National Recovery and Resilience Plan |
| PAD | Project Appraisal Document |
| PIU | Project Implementation Unit |
| PJL | Philipsburg Jubilee Library |
| PPG | Project Preparation Grant |
| PTA | Parent Teachers' Association |
| SEP | Stakeholders Engagement Plan |
| SIMARC | Sint Maarten Archaeological Center |
| SML | Sister Marie Laurence |
| SOP | Standard Operating Procedures |
| VROMI | Ministry of Housing, Spatial Planning, Environment & |
| | Infrastructure |
| VSA | Ministry of Public Health, Social Development and Labour |



1 Introduction

The Stakeholders Engagement Plan (SEP) is a guide to the outreach and information disclosure plans of the FRLP as the project moves through critical milestones. The SEP recognizes the importance of open and transparent engagement between the project implementer, project beneficiaries, and other stakeholders as an essential element of good international practice.

Stakeholder engagement is most effective when initiated at an early stage of the project development process. Furthermore, it is an integral part of early project decisions and the assessment, management & monitoring of the project's environmental and social risks and impacts.

The Fostering Resilient Learning Project (FRLP) will focus on the rebuilding of the two identified schools and the library, with no interruptions to learning. It also includes the development of a Ministry Management Information System (MMIS) for the education sector.

The SEP highlights the way the NRPB plans to communicate with those most affected by the construction and those who will be the ultimate users of the facilities. It also outlines a grievance mechanism whereby stakeholders and citizens can raise any concerns to the attention of the FRLP both verbally, written (by post or e-mail) or by filling in a grievance form. The implementation of the SEP will support the FRLPs overall goals to:

(i) restore access to a safe education, learning and cultural environment, and

(ii) improve the resilience of Sint Maarten's education system.

2 Objectives of the Stakeholder Engagement Plan

- To establish a systematic approach to stakeholder engagement, which will assist to identify stakeholders and project affected parties, to build and maintain constructive relationships.
- To assess the level of stakeholder interest and support for the project and to enable stakeholders' views to be considered in project design and environmental and social performance.
- To promote and provide means for effective and inclusive engagement with projectaffected parties throughout the project life-cycle on issues that could potentially affect them.
- To ensure that the appropriate project information on environmental and social risks and impacts is disclosed to stakeholders in a timely, understandable, accessible and appropriate manner.
- To provide project-affected parties with accessible and inclusive means to raise issues and grievances and allow the Project Management Team to respond to and manage such grievances.



3 World Bank Requirements for Stakeholder Engagement

The World Bank's Environmental and Social Framework (ESF)'s Environmental and Social Standard (ESS) 10, "Stakeholder Engagement and Information Disclosure", recognizes "the importance of open and transparent engagement between the Borrower and project stakeholders as an essential element of good international practice" (World Bank, 2017: 97). Specifically, the requirements set out by ESS10 are the following:

• "Borrowers will engage with stakeholders throughout the project life cycle, commencing such engagement as early as possible in the project development process and in a timeframe that enables **meaningful consultations with stakeholders on project design**. The nature, scope and frequency of stakeholder engagement will be proportionate to the nature and scale of the project and its potential risks and impacts.

• Borrowers will engage in **meaningful consultations with all stakeholders.** Borrowers will provide stakeholders with timely, relevant, understandable and accessible information, and consult with them in a culturally appropriate manner, which is free of manipulation, interference, coercion, discrimination and intimidation.

• The process of stakeholder engagement will involve the following, as set out in further detail in this ESS: (i) stakeholder identification and analysis; (ii) planning how the engagement with stakeholders will take place; (iii) disclosure of information; (iv) consultation with stakeholders; (v) addressing and responding to grievances; and (vi) reporting to stakeholders.

• The Borrower will maintain and disclose as part of the environmental and social assessment, a documented record of stakeholder engagement, including a description of the stakeholders consulted, a summary of the feedback received and a brief explanation of how the feedback was taken into account, or the reasons why it was not." (World Bank, 2017: 98).

In regards to the engagement under the Resettlement Standard (ESS5) meaningful engagement required with affected person during the process of stakeholder engagement as required under ESS10.



4 Background and Project Summary

The Fostering Resilient Learning Project (FRLP) is one of several projects being implemented under the Trust Fund which is funded by the Netherlands and managed by the World Bank. The project will be implemented by the NRPB in support of Sint Maarten's 2018 National Recovery and Resilience Plan (NRRP), which lays out priorities and a roadmap for Sint Maarten's recovery, reconstruction, and resilience following Hurricanes Irma and Maria. It is also aligned with the GoSM's Education Master Plan (EMP), which is meant to respond to the emergency needs in the education sector arising after the passage of Hurricanes Irma and Maria in 2017. The EMP aims to provide students and education staff with a safe learning and working environment which also addresses the needs of special care students as well as students from lower income families, their families, teachers and education staff who were affected by the hurricanes.

The EMP, developed in 2018, has three (3) components:

- (1) School reconstruction (including repairs and full reconstruction of five schools), the Heritage Center (including the Philipsburg Jubilee library) and sport facilities.
- (2) Support to a care and special aid program, including the strengthening of care teams in schools and the implementation of a national and children youth program.
- (3) Strengthening of the higher education system and programs

Objectives of the Fostering Resilient Learning Project

The objectives of the FRLP are to:

- (i) restore access to a safe education, learning and cultural environment and
- (ii) improve the resilience of Sint Maarten's education system.

The FRLP has five components with a total budget of \$30million USD, the budget and the components are elaborated on below.

| Table 1 Budget per component as of November 2021 | Table 1 | Budget per | component as | of November 2021 |
|--|---------|------------|--------------|------------------|
|--|---------|------------|--------------|------------------|

| Component Name | Cost (US\$, millions) |
|---|--------------------------|
| Restoring access to education through inclusive school construction | 13,893,418.75 |
| Restoring a community learning and cultural environment | 9,515,781.25 |
| Strengthening the Ministry's Management Information System | 3,250,000.00 |
| Project Management | 1,540,800.00 |
| Contingency Emergency Response | 0.00 |
| Project Preparation Grant (TF0B4914) | 1,800,000.00 |
| Grant Total | 30,000,000.00 |



Component 1: Rebuilding inclusive schools, with a preliminary estimated budget of US\$13 million, will finance the reconstruction, restoration and the provision of furniture and equipment to both the SML and CLB schools, both destroyed by Hurricanes Irma and Maria in 2017.

The educational programs that will be put in place in SML and CLB will include those which address the special needs of students. The schools will also benefit from the screening tool for students with psychosocial distress and referral pathways and standard operating procedures that will be developed under the Child Resilience and Protection Project (CRPP)¹.

Sister Marie Laurence (SML) Primary School is a subsidized school located in the Middle Region District near Philipsburg. It is considered a low-income area, although poverty data per region has not been provided. After the hurricanes hit in 2017, causing major destruction to the island of Sint Maarten, MECYS deemed the school buildings unsafe and uninhabitable, and the construction of a brand-new school was required. Since then, students and an afterschool program run by the school have been relocated to two other Catholic schools in other districts.

SML's Special Care program aims to support students with special needs. SML's 2018 "Exceptional School-Inclusive and Equitable Education" Project Plan, submitted to the MECYS for financing, contains a detailed analysis of a school-wide approach to deliver supports and services to students with disabilities with no special classrooms that still provide integrated enrichment and supplemental instructional activities.

Charles Leopold Bell (CLB) Primary School located in Cole Bay, was built in 1920 and while it is not on Sint Maarten's official registry of historic monuments, one of the buildings is considered a historic landmark by the community. The CLB is a public primary school which, before the hurricane, had 165 students with 16 teachers and a care team. After the hurricane, students and their teachers were relocated to the Leonard Conner School, the closest public school. The CLB school suffered structural damage to the building, ceiling, doors, fencing, gates, windows, rolling system etc.

The roof structure over six of the classrooms was destroyed; the parapet walls were destroyed and the ring beams in some areas were damaged. Other damage includes destruction of ceiling tiles, doors, windows, louvres and shutters, the basketball courts, fences and gates. The proposed subproject contemplates the renovation of the building and the construction of an Educational Care Center (ECC). Renovations and repairs will be done without interfering with the original architecture of the historic building to the extent possible and following the guidance of an expert in historic building renovation.

The Government approved the ECC to serve 50-75 students exhibiting exceptional and diagnosed behavioral disorders that cannot be handled in a traditional school environment. The ECC will identify and assess children with emotional and behavior disorders who require self-contained or pullout education for all or part of their day.

¹ CRPP will aim at strengthening (a) the resilience of students and staff to the emotional and physical impacts of natural disasters, and (b) the child protection systems and services to improve preparation and response to natural disasters, through: (i) the establishment of a nurturing learning environment and safe spaces for children and adolescents, (ii) the strengthening of the education sector and school capacity to prepare and respond to natural disasters, and (iii) child protection.



The ECC will provide a continuum of educational needs to offer a multi-tiered system of support to address both academic and behavioral problems outside a traditional school environment, including addressing socio-environmental causes of the child's behavioral needs, parent support groups and individual case management managed by the Student Support Services (SSSD) division of MECYS. Care teams will be supported to conduct Functional Behavioral Assessments to inform a child's Behavior Intervention Plan and Individual Education Plan which would outline the support a child will receive. Up-skilling and continuing education will support the care team to provide children with optimal individual care and monitoring for students to reintegrate into an inclusive education environment or continue with a self-contained program.

Component 2: Rebuilding the Philipsburg Jubilee Library

The project will finance the reconstruction of the Philipsburg Jubilee Library (PJL). The preliminary estimated budget for this component is US\$10 million. **The Philipsburg Jubilee Library** had a media lab that was used as a learning facility for a large share of the population that did not have access to computers and the internet. The facility was used to conduct afterschool classes and reading programs for various schools within the community. The PJL provided reading materials for the population, and it was visited by around 40,000 people annually before Hurricane Irma. During Hurricane Irma, the Philipsburg Jubilee Library was damaged beyond repair.

This component therefore aims to reconstruct the library, which will take place on the current site of the damaged building. Demolition will be needed to clear the way for construction.

Component 3: Building the Ministry's Management Information System.

This **Management Information System** (MIS), the soft component (estimated budget of US\$3 million), is justified based on the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (NRRP) and the 2017 MECYS Resilience Plan. In addition, MIS is recognized by the United Nations as being vital to the recovery process. EMIS is a web application that facilitates the collection, processing and management of education information. As such, EMIS plays an important role in the disaster response phase.

The need for a Management Information System has been identified and highlighted by all stakeholders, as reflected in the NRRP. Priorities included the need for updated (ICT-based) information registration, reporting and tracking system for students, sport instructors, teachers, child abuse which needs to include training in, for example recognizing student conditions.

Based on the stakeholders' response, MECYS concluded that national preparedness would be served with the development of a national macro-economic population planning system. This is important since education planning for students, teachers, facilities, vocational and tertiary education depend on multiple factors such as immigration data, education levels, birth rates, land-and zoning data and economic developments to name a few (MECYS Resilience Plan, 2017).

The project will realize the Ministry of EYCS past wishes to create an Education Management Information System (EMIS), in parallel with the Disaster Risk Management System. This will support the collection, organization and consolidation of data to help the efficient planning and allocation of resources before and in the aftermath of a natural disaster or epidemic.



In addition, this component will finance the development of Standard Operation Procedures (SOP) between MECYS' internal departments and divisions and other relevant actors on data collection and data sharing. Training will also be provided to MECYS' staff on database management and data analytics.

A comprehensive MMIS to support data-based decision-making will be developed, this system will:

- I. allow the efficient collection and treatment of data, as well as the sharing of information within MECYS and between MECYS and other government institutions and School Boards
- II. facilitate the management of MECYS' human and financial resources and infrastructure
- III. monitor students' databases, enrolment, attendance and learning; and
- IV. enable MECYS to increase its oversight of the sector, including the allocation and management of subsidies to schools and scholarships

The project will also support the development of protocols for data anonymization to guarantee confidentiality over students' personal data. The MMIS will also help strengthen MECYS's disaster management capacity and efficient allocation of resources before and after a natural disaster or epidemic. It could support the design and/or implementation of a school reopening plan, including health and safety protocols, staggered reopening, use of technology, remedial classes, and facilitate the reopening of schools and relocation of students and faculty.

Finally, the MMIS could help address issues related to students with special needs, students suffering from psycho-social distress and demonstrating increasingly violent behavior, as well as signs of child abuse and neglect through facilitating coordination. Even though a referral mechanism is in place in schools for specialized care services, there is a need for stronger coordination between MECYS, the Court of Guardianship of the Ministry of Justice, and Ministries of Public Health, Social Development and Labor (VSA), so that they can work together on how to address students' needs in a timely and appropriate manner. The MMIS would allow for the availability and exchange of data and help coordinate and complement responses by the responsible entities.

Component 4: Project Management

This component will support project management and coordination, including monitoring and evaluation, procurement, financial management, safeguards and citizen engagement, and other technical assistance with a budget of USD 2 million. As a result, the project will finance, inter alia, technical assistance, goods, audits, workshops, training, and operating costs.

Component 5: Contingency Emergency Response (USD\$0)

The Fostering Resilient Learning Project has a fifth component, the Contingency Emergency Response Component (CERC). This component can provide immediate surge funding in the event of an emergency. The CERC is only triggered in the case of emergency and when certain actions, as agreed by the Government of Sint Maarten, the National Recovery Program Bureau and the World Bank, are met.



These actions include:

- a. the country declares a public health emergency, natural disaster, cyber security threat, or national emergency; and
- b. presents a sound and actionable country-level response plan. Once triggered, the CERC is implemented following the exceptional policy requirements set out in Paragraph 12 of the <u>IPF Policy</u> (Projects in Situations of Urgent Need of Assistance or Capacity Constraints) and enables rapid reallocation of funds between project components following an emergency.

5 Location and Description of Project Affected Communities

This section provides a summary of the project affected communities to provide a context for understanding the project. Each site is located within distinct geographical areas, have different backgrounds, socio-economic conditions which will have implications for project implementation.

Component 1

Sister Marie Laurence (SML) Primary School is in the Middle Region, near Philipsburg (Lower Prince's Quarter District). It serves the surrounding districts of Belvedere, Dutch Quarter, Sucker Garden and Defiance primarily. Lower Prince's Quarter is a residential area with a population of approximately 11,846 making it the largest settlement on the island. It is considered a middle to low-income area, although poverty data per region has not been provided.

Figure 1: Middle Region (Location of SML Primary School)



Middle Region is to a large extent a residential area. It is an authentic residential district, with many other functions between the homes: shops, schools, day-care and business activity. These businesses and facilities have a (mostly) local function.

The area is accessed by Middle Region Road, which cuts through it from east to west. This road connects in the west to A.T. Illidge Road, and in the east to Hulda B. Richardson Road/Oyster Pond Road. Bishop Hill Road runs along the north side of the residential district, with the country estate of the former Belvedere plantation on the other side. In rush hour especially there are traffic



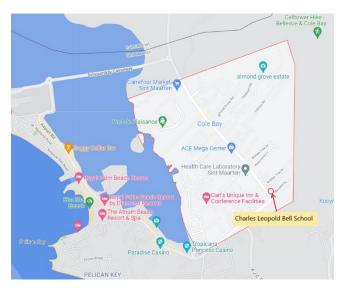
jams at the intersection with A.T. Illidge Road in the west, and on Hulda B. Richardson Road/Sucker Garden Road in the east.

Because Middle Region is not on the coast and is a mainly residential area, it has relatively little significance for tourism and recreation. (Source: Development Plan – Middle Region, Ministry of Spatial Planning, Environment and Infrastructure).

Business and commercial activity in the form of shops and small businesses, among others, are distributed along the main road of Middle Region. The SML Primary School is located along the main road. Middle Region consists of a mix of different residential areas, varying from the carefully tended to more informal residential areas with fewer facilities. Public facilities, such as playgrounds and public green areas, are generally lacking.

Before Hurricane Irma hit the island in 2017, SML functioned as a primary school which also provided artistic activities for children in the neighbourhood after school, engaging with vulnerable social groups and special care programs for children with special needs. MECYS has deemed the school buildings unsafe and uninhabitable and the construction of a brand-new school is required. Since the hurricane hit, students and the afterschool program have been relocated to two other Catholic schools in other districts.

The communities affected by the project will be those nearby homes and business who will have construction related impacts. In addition to this, there is the school community which is dispersed across the country as this school is not a neighbourhood school, although it does draw most of its students from proximate districts.



Charles Leopold Bell Public School is located in Cole Bay.

Cole Bay is the third largest settlement in the country in terms of population, which is approximately 8,158. It starts right east of the Simpson Bay Lagoon in Southern Sint Maarten and includes part of the 'Golden Mile' of commercial activity, which is usually attributed to the village of Simpson Bay. Cole Bay follows the lagoon shores, and much of the island's yachting industry has settled along this area. A causeway intended to relieve traffic connects Simpson Bay directly with the north-western part of Cole Bay.

The Charles Leopold Bell school will be catering for children with social & emotional issues that lead to behavioural challenges. The expectation is that the child gets the much-needed care to curb the emotional issue that causes the behavior so they can return to their "home" school. Children with behavioral issues may enter with a learning disability or a physical challenge, however the primary focus of the program is on students with behavioural issues.



The communities affected by the project will be those nearby homes and business who will have construction related impacts. In addition to this there is the school community – the families of those students who will be referred to attend the educational facilities at CLB.

This school will furthermore contain programming for behavioural issues of children from across the country, which means that the implications of its operation is country wide. At this time, it remains difficult to assess the population attending the facilities as this is based on a referral system in which a child's need for special education is assessed. Vice versa, children can also be referred back into the regular education system.

Component 2

The project will finance the reconstruction of the library, which will take place on the current site of the damaged building, and demolition will be needed to clear the way for construction.

Before Hurricane Irma, the library organized frequent cultural, artistic, and community events, making it an institution for learning. As previously mentioned, the Library/Learning Center attracted about 40,000 (return) visitors annually, with free access to the internet, local archives, print, audio and digital media, and books. Temporarily relocated, the library now offers limited reading services, but continues to attract many (return) visitors (23,500 in 2018).

The newly reconstructed Philipsburg Jubilee Library will continue to provide the learning services to the community as well as be a location which can showcase a rich cultural heritage and support a vibrant artistic community.

The Resettlement standard (ESS5) applies to the sole occupant of the library, based on NRPBs visits to the site. A census was conducted on December 10th, which constitutes the cut-off date for resettlement entitlement. Signs were also clearly posted on the property which will notify that any further occupation of the building is not permitted. A RAP to address the relocation of the occupant will be prepared. See Section 9 of this SEP for the engagement plan with those to be displaced form the library.

6 Site Selection and Prioritization

Schools on Sint Maarten sustained significant damage during Hurricane Irma in September 2017. To ensure that the scarce resources available are allocated in a substantiated and sustainable way a criterion was drafted by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Youth and Sport (MECYS).

According to the Priority List for Public Buildings (Annex1) that was approved by the Council of Ministers, the reconstruction of the Charles Leopold Bell (CLB) and the Sister Marie Laurence (SML) schools has the highest priority.

Additionally, the Damage Assessment Report from the Ministry of Housing, Spatial Planning, Environment and Infrastructure (VROMI) (November 2017) indicated that the Charles Leopold Bell (CLB) school needed to be rebuilt completely (Annex 2) With regard to the Sister Marie Laurence Primary School, a letter from the MECYS to the Steering Committee of the World Bank Trust Fund (Annex 3) indicated also, that the SML needed to be rebuilt completely. Both schools



will be demolished and rebuilt. However, a part of the CLB school does have a historical significance which will be maintained. This part will not be demolished but following an assessment and the development of a cultural heritage management plan it will be restored as guided by an expert in historic buildings.

The reconstruction of SML and CLB primary schools will be based on disaster-resistant standards and the design will ensure that they are fully accessible to students and staff with disabilities. The reconstruction will take place on the current site of the damaged buildings, and demolition will be needed to clear the way for construction. There will be no land acquisition and no population displacement.

The Sister Marie Laurence (SML) Primary School. Since the passing of Hurricane Irma, the school is damaged and unfit for students to continue their education there. Students from the SML School are currently housed at two classes at the Sister Magda School and six classes at the St. Dominic Primary school. Rebuilding a regular school in Middle Region will benefit students by giving them the option to remain in their own district and not having to commute or depend on a school bus to take them to school.

The students of SML were relocated to schools in South Reward following the passage of Hurricane Irma. Reopening the SML Primary school should return the schools in the South Reward district to their pre–Hurricane Irma capacities and a lower student-teacher ratio for primary schools of 25:1 in the Lower grades and 23:1 Higher grades.

The Ministry of Education, Culture, Youth & Sports Affairs (MECYS) has been in discussions with other parties to find ways to reduce the amount of traffic in the South Reward area, which is presently overcrowded.

The Ministry has recognized and prioritized the need for reforms and modernization of schools and learning environments. The construction of new schools therefore recognizes and supports the need for quality and up to date learning environments that suit the changing needs and expectations from students, parents and society at large.

Charles Leopold Bell Primary School: Before Irma, the Charles Leopold Bell School housed 165 students with 16 teachers, care team and management. The school at that time operated as a regular primary public school. The students and teachers of the Charles Leopold Bell school were merged with the Leonald Conner School in the Cape Bay area. The school has already been approved by the Government of Sint Maarten for it to be used as the Educational Care Center (Div#5037), changing the educational purpose from before the passing of Hurricane Irma.



NRPR

During Project preparation, the PPG will finance the development of a strategy and framework for the Philipsburg Jubilee Library and other learning services. The framework will include:

- (i) the identification of current services and costs of the library (including operating costs);
- (ii) the new functional requirements/service levels and needs of various customers/ clients; and
- (iii) the possible organizational arrangements for the proposed Cultural Heritage Center (Library, SIMARC and Museum).
- 7.1 Philipsburg Jubilee Library

In an effort to fill any gap in access to computers and the internet which may have existed on the island, in 1997, the library introduced the internet to the general public, via a media lab, making it possible for every library member to become familiar with this medium. On the occasion of its 75th jubilee, the library could be found on the World Wide Web.

Various persons and organizations used the local archives contained in the library collection, which consist of print media, audio, and digital media, for research. The library was also used to conduct afternoon classes and reading programs for various schools within the community and has provided reading and study materials for the population.

The following figures serve to give an impression of the library's development throughout the years:

| Number of employees | Collection | Number of Members | Number of books checked out |
|------------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2002: 12 | 69.485 | 5.475 | 121.674 |
| 2003: 12 | 60.710 | 5.169 | 114.090 |
| 2004: 12 | 64.085 | 5.269 | 117.789 |
| 2005: 12 | 58.273 | 5.269 | 118.251 |
| 2006: 12 | 53.834 | 5.377 | 118.591 |
| 2007: 12 | 59.348 | 5.115 | 114.346 |
| 2008: 13 | 60.861 | 5.362 | 116.681 |
| 2009: 14 | 59.925 | 5.932 | 111.648 |
| 2010: 15 | 53.188 | 6.384 | 98.202 |
| 2011: 15 | 55.376 | 6.122 | 102.508 |
| 2012: 15 | 62.868 | 5.854 | 126.071 |
| 2013: 15 | 58.834 | 5.212 | 90.222 |
| 2014 :15 | 50.658 | 11.165 | 41.741 |
| 2015: 9 | 62.380 | 9.254 | 44.666 |
| 2016: 9 | 53.397 | 9.652 | 38.898 |
| 2017: 9 | 50.905 | 10.052 | 34.519 |
| 2018: 8 | | 10.195 | 20.301 |

Table 2: PJL's development from 2002 - 2018



Figure 2: Destruction at PJL caused by Hurricane Irma in 2017



immediately following Hurricane Irma (See Table 3).

Table 3: Usage of PJL Library (Pre and Post Hurricane Irma)

| 2016: | 2017: | 2018 : |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| # visitors 45,938 | # visitors 24,469 | # visitors 23,550 |

In 2018, the PJL moved to a much smaller location. It is now temporarily housed in the Adolphus Richardson Building on W A Nisbeth Road, which is about 10% of the size of former facility. Presently, the library has opened Satellite Libraries at various locations until the completion of the new structure.

The 'Book Bus' satellite branch of the Philipsburg Jubilee library (PJL) also provides easy access to reading materials, especially now that COVID-restrictions limit the number of people allowed in the library. The vehicle no longer runs but the interior was refurbished and now serves as a mini library. The book bus is located on the campus of Asha Stevens Hillside Christian School in Cay Hill. This initiative was funded through the Resources 4 Community Resilience Project, financed by the Government of The Netherlands and managed by the World Bank.

The services which were offered by the PJL are now only available at a very limited level due to the destruction from the hurricane and temporary limited housing. The main building of the PJL was severely damaged by Hurricane Irma in 2017. Looters compounded the problem by **breaking into** the key box and opening the locked media lab and making off with all the computers. Both the front and back offices of the library were **wrecked** by the hurricane. The **public area** in the old building was partially destroyed.

From the collection of 60 000 books which were in stock prior to Hurricane Irma, two thousand were lost (2000) and many others were in bad condition.

Two months following the hurricane, the library reopened and offered limited services to patrons from its entrance hall, which was then covered by a tarpaulin. Outreach services were provided to day care centers and afternoon school programs in the form of book boxes and the performance of reading related activities. Usage, of the library, as measured by the number of visitors, decreased significantly in the year



8 Stakeholder Identification and Analysis

8.1 Stakeholder Categorisation and Definition

A "stakeholder" refers to individuals or groups who:

- (a) are affected or likely to be affected by the project (project-affected parties) for example project beneficiaries; and
- (b) may have an interest in the project (other interested parties).

The FRLP Stakeholders are diverse due to the facilities which are targeted for the project. Hence there are different sets of key groups and vulnerable populations who need to be engaged with.

| Project Component | Stakeholder | Project Affected Parties (a) (Beneficiaries) | Other Interested Parties (b) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Component 1: | Current and future students attending the | Х | |
| Rebuilding Inclusive | reconstructed schools | | |
| Schools | Teachers | х | |
| | School Management Staff | х | х |
| | Parents/Guardians | Х | х |
| | Parents/Teachers Associations | | |
| | Facility Owners | Х | х |
| | Catholic School Board | Х | Х |
| | Ministry of Education, Culture Youth and Sports (MECYS) | x | X |
| | Nearby businesses | Х | Х |
| | The Community Councils | Х | |
| | Nearby homeowners and businesses which may experience inconvenience during the execution of the project | x | |
| | Natural and Cultural Heritage Organisations | | x |
| Component 2: | Members of Academia who will use the restored | X | ^ |
| Rebuilding the | resources of the new library | ~ | |
| Phillipsburg Jubilee Library | Patrons who will attend cultural and learning events at the new library | x | |
| , | Community Councils | | х |
| | Natural and Cultural Heritage Organizations | | X |
| | Nearby businesses which may experience inconvenience during the execution of the project | x | x |
| | Nearby residential buildings/homes | x | |
| | Philipsburg Jubilee Library Foundation | x | |
| | Sister Basilia Center | x | x |
| Component 3: Building | Staff of MECYS | x | ^ |
| the Ministry's | Ministries of Public Health, Social Development and | × | |
| Management Information | | ~ | |
| System | Court of Guardianship – will be able to share | x | |
| | information resulting in more efficient responses to the issues of the children/family | | |
| | Social Protection Groups and Associations | | x |
| | Vulnerable and Interest Groups | | х |
| | Parent/Teachers Associations | | Х |

Table 4: Stakeholder Analysis - Affected and Interested Parties



| School Management | | Х |
|---------------------|---|---|
| School Boards | | х |
| Families (Children) | Х | |

8.2 Potential Stakeholder Influence on the Project

The NRPB will play a leadership role with regards to informing and consulting governmental parties and other stakeholder groups of the project. However, stakeholders are likely to have influence on the project at varying stages. It is important to analyze the possible influence that each stakeholder group can have on the project in order to determine the best strategies for engagement. Determining whether stakeholders in a position of strong influence hold negative interests may be critical to project success. This level of understanding can best be reached by conducting a formal assessment of each stakeholder's level of importance and influence to the project.

Influence indicates a stakeholder's relative power over and within a project. A stakeholder with high influence would control key decisions within the project and have strong ability to facilitate implementation of project tasks and cause others to take action.

Importance indicates the degree to which the project cannot be considered successful if needs, expectations, and issues are not addressed. This measure is often derived based on the relation of the stakeholder need to the project's goals and purposes.

| Project Site | Stakeholder Group | Categorization | Potential Influence/Import ance |
|---|--|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sister Marie Laurence Primary School | Government Partners (MECYS and VROMI) | Interested | High/High |
| Charles Leopold Bell | Facility Owners and Managers (School Boards, Principals) | Interested/Affected | High/High |
| Public School | Teachers/Parent Teacher's Associations(PTAs)/Students | Interested/Affected | High/Medium |
| | Neighboring Communities | Interested/Affected | Medium/Low |
| | Community Councils | Interested/Affected | Medium/Low |
| | Sister Basilia Center | Interested/Affected | Medium/Low |
| The Philipsburg Jubilee Library | Philipsburg Jubilee Library Foundation | Interested/Affected | High/High |
| - | Sundial School | Interested/Affected | Low/Medium |
| | Members of Academia/Users of the Library/Patrons of Cultural and Learning Events | Interested | Medium/Medium |
| | Sint Maarten Archaeological Center (SIMARC) | Interested | Low/Low |
| | Sint Maarten Heritage Foundation and Museum | Interested | Low/Low |
| MMIS | Teachers' Unions | Interested/Affected | High |
| | Parents/Students | Interested | Medium/Medium |
| | Teachers | Interested/Affected | Medium/High |
| | MECYS | Interested | High/High |
| For All Project Sites | Nearby Businesses | Affected | Low/Low |

Table 5: Potential Influence and Importance of Stakeholders



8.3 Project Stakeholders Groups, Engagement Types, Methods and Frequency During Each Project Phase

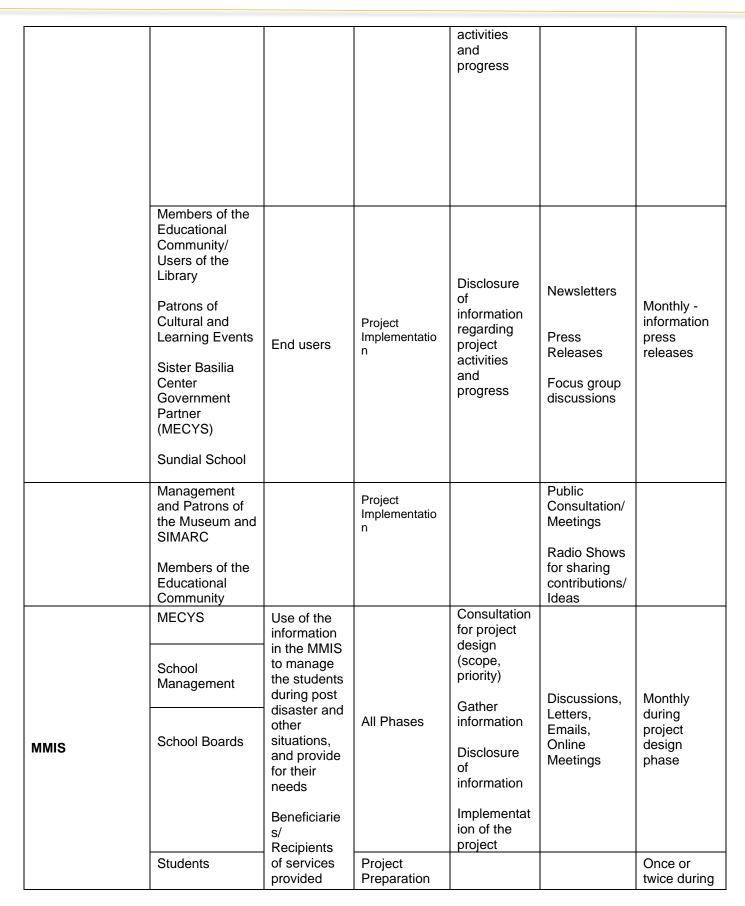
Methods chosen for consulting with each group and where information is provided, will be guided by national ordinances for the protection of personal data. The principle of Informed Consent will be one of the foundations for consultation and provision of information (specifically Personal Information of attendees – name, contact details), with the disclosure that information will be kept confidential.

| Project Site/Component | Stakeholder Group | Interest in Project | Project Phase | Type of engagemen t | Consultation Methods | Frequency |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Sister Marie Laurence Primary School | Government Partners (VROMI & MECYS) | Project owners and technical advisers, respectively; responsible for the framework and act as project implementati on partners | All Phases | Consultation for project design (scope, priority) Gather information Disclosure of information | Phone, email One-on-one interviews Formal Meetings | Monthly (more frequently when needed) |
| | Facility owners & managers (Schoolboards & Principals) | Facility owners, permission needed to commence work Provide input into designs Comment on project progress | Project Preparation Project Implementatio n | Design of buildings Design of logistics plan Gather information (school assessment) Disseminate project information (timeline, duration) | Phone, email One-on-one interviews Formal Meetings | Monthly during preparation Bi-weekly once works commence |

Table 6: Stakeholders' Engagement and Consultation Methods



| Charles Leopold Bell Public School | Teachers/ Parents Teachers Association (PTA) Sister Basilia Center | Provide input into designs Discuss project and (where applicable) implications of activities | Project Preparation Project Implementati on | Contributing to project design (opportunity to express their opinions, concerns and ideas) Disclosure of information, Informing about project progress | Phone, fax, email, text messages Focus group meetings Information session Newsletter Social Media Posts (NRPB Website) Consultations (Virtual due to Covid 19 | School managemen t to keep staff informed throughout execution. NRPB to provide information to be disseminate d. Meetings can be held upon request. |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| | Neighboring communities | Impact of construction activities | Project Preparation Project Implementati on | Disclosure of information regarding project activities (traffic movement, heavy equipment, materials) | Print media and radio announceme nts Public meetings (Virtual) | 1x Pressrelease thatworks tobegin1x PressreleaseWorksongoing1x Pressreleaseworksconcluded.Updatesavailable onNRPB socialmedia andwebsite |
| Philipsburg Jubilee Library | Philipsburg Jubilee Library Foundation | Custodians/ Owners of PJL | Identification Project Preparation Project Implementatio n | Contribution to project design, activities and timeline Informing about project design Disclosure of information about project | Formal Meetings Reports Emails Focus group discussions | Bi-weekly meetings with minutes |



NRPB



| Par | irents | based on the information in the EMIS database Ability to respond to students and their families | Project Implementatio n | Provide information | Public Consultations Letters, Emails, Online meetings Discussions with students during home- room sessions | PP phase to gather information and confirm correctness |
|-----|--------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Tea | achers | families based on information in the EMIS | All Phases | Assist in preparing students to provide information (reminders etc) Assisting in mobilizing resources based on students' needs | Consultations , online discussions, emails, letters | Once or twice during PP to inform them about the project and solicit feedback on design, content and use |



8.4 Considerations for Vulnerable Groups

Consultation with vulnerable groups is essential during the preparation and implementation of the project. The designs for the SML school have been prepared (but will be consulted on with the school community, before appraisal, and can be redesigned based on feedback). The designs of the other two facilities will get underway following consultations with stakeholders and when the design firm/s is procured. Since the facilities are going to be used by vulnerable groups, their input is required in the building designs. Special arrangements for access for the physically impaired, among other needs, must be considered in building and site design. Further details on the specific activities for which engagement with the different vulnerable groups is required are outlined in Table 7 below.

| Project component/Activity | Vulnerable Groups and Individuals | Characteristics/ Needs | Preferred means of notification/consultation | Additional Resources Required |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Sister Marie Laurence Primary School Charles Leopold Bell Public School | Students (present and future) and their parents/guardians People living with disabilities or impairments (students and parents) Sister Basilia Center (Users with physical and other impairments or differently abled individuals) At-Risk Youth | Behavioral problems From low socio- economic backgrounds with limited or no access to the Internet. and other educational resources. Live far away from the schools and would need transportation. Physically impaired and would have difficulty accessing the physical location | Face to face Meetings either in small groups or online Social media communication Focus group discussions (online or face to face) | Guidance Counselors Internet access Transportation to attend meetings |
| Philipsburg Jubilee Library | Users from low socio-economic neighbourhoods with limited access to internet and the other services provided by the library | Ease of access to the services, regardless of their location. | Face to face meetings Audio recordings Flyers distributed through social media | Internet access Devices (Laptops, Tablets etc) to access information |



| Project component/Activity | Vulnerable Groups and Individuals | Characteristics/ Needs | Preferred means of notification/consultation | Additional Resources Required |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| | Sister Basilia Center (Users with physical and other impairments or differently abled individuals) | Services which are adapted to their needs Universal access to facilities Adaptation of service delivery to particular impairment of the users | Radio call-in shows for those who are housebound | about the project and to make their contributions Transportation to attend meetings |
| | | Equal and equitable access to the Center | Person to person contact Social media messages | NA |
| MMIS | Families from low socioeconomic backgrounds At-risk Families and Youth | Disconnected from mainstream society due to limitations in information access | Direct contact from Social Welfare Officers and Data Collectors/Enumerators | Human resources Devices for data collection |
| | | Affected by limitations in Internet infrastructure | | |



9 Stakeholder Engagement Program, Communications Plan

This section describes the engagement with the different stakeholders during the pre-appraisal and appraisal phases of the project. The information presented for each stakeholder varied based on the nature of the stakeholder's involvement or interest in the project.

| Project Phase | Target stakeholders | Information consulted on and documents disclosed | Method | Frequency | Responsible Party |
|---------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Project Identification | Government Partners (MECYS and VROMI) Facility Owners and Managers (School Boards, Principals) Phillipsburg Jubilee Library Foundation Sint Maarten Archeological Center | Project aims, timeline, selection criteria, proposed objectives, imminent risks, alternative scenarios, Project Concept Note | Online, and in- person meetings. | Completed | NRPB MECYS VROMI |
| | Government Partners (MECYS and VROMI) | This SEP, the ESCP, the ESMF, as drafts or final documents. To include information on resettlement activities. | Online and in- person meetings | | |
| Project Preparation | Facility Owners and Managers (School Boards, Principals) Phillipsburg Jubilee Library Foundation Sint Maarten Archeological Center Parents MECYS | Memorandum of Understanding about the collaboration of the PJL Foundation, SIMARC and the Sint Maarten Museum for the administration and use of the new facility. Needs Assessment for Inclusive Education Framework/policy document Project design (Building plans for the | Site Visits Online meetings with parents, (given Covid 19 limitations) to discuss preliminary designs of the SML and CBL schools, following discussions and possible changes, based | Varied, based on need | NRPB MECYS VROMI |

Table 8: Nature and Content of Stakeholder Engagement (Up to Project Appraisal)



| Project Phase | Target stakeholders | Information consulted on and documents disclosed | Method | Frequency | Responsible Party |
|------------------|--|---|--|---|----------------------|
| | PJL Foundation Library Users Students (Primary, Secondary, Tertiary) | structures in Components 1 and 2) Cultural Heritage Needs Assessment Document | on these contributions Solicitation of contributions on the NRPB Facebook and LinkedIn Pages, NRPB Webpage Administration of Surveys. Discussions, Interviews Online Survey | | |
| Appraisal | Government Partners (MECYS and VROMI) Members of the Public and Beneficiaries | ESF Disclosure of Instruments SEP, ESMF, GRM Project Appraisal Document | Online and in Person meetings/consu Itations Online publications accompanied with social media coverage requesting the public to comment. In addition, direct stakeholders will be contacted directly, requesting for feedback. In person consultations may become challenging considering the recent uprise in the world-wide Omicron | Online disclosure scheduled for: ESCP: January 2022 ESMF: January 2022, pending clearance of GRM: January 2022 SEP: January 2022 TBD | NRPB |



| Project Phase | Target stakeholders | Information consulted on and documents disclosed | Method | Frequency | Responsible Party |
|------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| | | | COVID-19 variant | | |

9.1 Stakeholder Engagement Activities Completed Prior to and During Project Preparation Phase

Activities to engage widely on this project began in 2018 and to date have focused on project design with MECYs and the institutions in charge of the 2 schools and the library. These consultations are described in the table below.

Table 9: Component 1 - Stakeholder Activities at SML and CLB Primary Schools (Prior to and During Project Preparation Phase)

| Timeframe/ Date | Stakeholder | Activity | Outcomes of consultations, keys issues and how they will be addressed. |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Sister Marie Laurence | Primary School | |
| 2018/2019 | Catholic School Board | Presentations on the concept of the Exceptional School to the Government Ministries, NRPB, Dutch Representatives, State Secretary. | No issues recorded. Concept was accepted. |
| October 2018 | Catholic School Board | Met with the architect to discuss designs. Met with VROMI staff on two occasions for feedback on designs. | VROMI had no objections to the drawings. |
| May 2019 | Catholic School Board | Designs finalized following review by VROMI (approved) | Design changed to remove Teacher Studio Boarding Room from design. |
| September 2019 | Catholic School Board | Letter sent to Minister of ECYS indicating that the drawings for the new structure were completed and ready to be submitted for the necessary building permits. | No issues noted following receipt of letter by the Minister. |
| October 2019 | Minister of ECYS | Minister informed School Board that the SML was one of the projects in the Education Master Plan identified for rebuilding and therefore prioritized. | No issues recorded. |
| May 2020 | Catholic School Board | Letter from SKOS to Minister of Education, Culture, Youth and Sport with a plea to the | Plea noted by Ministry of ECYS. |



| | | T | |
|------------------|--|---|--|
| | MECYS | Ministry of ECYS, the Steering Committee and the NRPB to expedite the reconstruction of the school and to start construction much earlier than 2022. Project Concept Note | |
| | | approved by Minister of ECYS. | |
| June 2020 | Catholic School Board | Building Permit approved and received. | No issues recorded. |
| October 2020 | NRPB | Presentation planned for Minister of ECYS on the Fostering Resilient Learning Project. | Presentation was sent to Minister by the Director of NRPB because scheduled meeting did not take place. |
| | Minister for ECYS | Letter to Director of NRPB with approval to request PPG. | No issues recorded. |
| December 2020 | NRPB | Presentation to Parliament on the FRLP | No issues recorded. |
| February 2021 | MECYS, NRPB and Catholic School Board | Discussion on SML Primary School with NRPB Project Manager and Catholic School Board. | Provision of updates on the project. No issues recorded. |
| | Catholic School Board Catholic School Board | Building Permits application submitted. Fire Department set to inspect the drawings for approval. | No issues were recorded. |
| | Catholic School Board | approval. | Team requested that MECYS |
| | M of ECYS | MECYS Resilient Team requested approval for the | provide no objection to the original drawings for SML. |
| | NRPB | project designs/drawings as submitted by the Catholic School Board for the reconstruction of the SML Primary School. | |
| | | Letter to NRPB Director confirming the MECYS's support of the project with particular conditions. | Letter saying drawings were approved but Teacher Studio had to be removed from the designs. |
| | | Presentation on FRLP to Steering Committee Representative of the Dutch Government. | Presentation well received. No issues recorded. |



| | Charles Leopold Be | Il Primary School | |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| August 2020 | NRPB and MECYS | Information shared with NRPB Project Manager on | No issues recorded. |
| 2020 | | Educational Care Center | |
| | Students Support Division | proposed for the CLB. | |
| | | Discussion on scope and goals of the project. | |
| November | MECYS | Decision taken by MECYS to | Action as described. |
| 2020 | | restore one of the buildings at | |
| | | the CLB considered to be a | |
| | | historical monument. | |

Meetings were held with the Ministry of Education, Culture, Youth and Sport (MECYS) Focal Point. Terms of Reference for staff and consultants to work on the project were developed by the National Recovery Program Bureau, with the assistance on deliverables from MECYS, in November 2020. The Project Manager also met with the PJL Foundation and the Catholic School Board of Sister Mary Laurence Primary School to discuss the scope and goals of the project in September of 2020.

Meetings were also held with the Head of the Students Support Division (SSD), an expert in Special Needs to discuss what has been done for children with Special Needs on the island. Additionally, a presentation on The Education Care Center Plan – tailored to CLB (children with behavioural issues) was delivered. The focus was also on the main issues the children have and the facilities/amenities available.

The Head of SSD explained in the meeting that the purpose for such a program is to establish a transitional school focusing primarily on children with behavioural issues within the regular school system. She further went on to say, the Educational Care Center pilot program went into effect on September 2017 with about 80 students identified of having behavioral issues.

However, with the devastation of hurricane Irma, the students were forced to return to their regular schools where an after-school program was established but soon after closed. The program has not been used since June 2018. This exchange provided the Project Manager with a better understanding of what the MECYS' goal was for the ECC, so that the project could be designed accordingly.



See Table 10 below for additional details of meetings held during the project preparation phase.

Table 10a: Stakeholder Consultations for Component 1 (SML and CLB Primary Schools) During Project Preparation

| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/Notes | Budget |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|------------------|---|---|--------|
| MECYS | 1. Inform of upcoming stakeholder consultations (provide | 19-11-21 | Teams | Abbreviated logistics plan | PM: provides logistics plan for review. Gathers buy-in. | n/a |
| | abbreviated logistics plan) 2. Obtain support and | | | As developed, all | PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS for feedback. | |
| | identify lead counterpart(s) for sessions. | | | materials. | Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. | |
| | | | | | Safeguards: comments on developed products. | |
| PJL Board | Status of project including exclusion of SIMARC and museum. Obtain support and | 23-11-21 | Teams | Library specific logistics plan. | PM: provides meeting agenda and shares abbreviated logistics plan. Gathers buy-in. | n/a |
| | identify lead counterpart(s) for sessions. | | | | PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS and PJL Board for feedback. | |
| | | | | As developed, library specific materials. | Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. | |
| | | | | | Safeguards: comments on developed products. | |
| PJL board, SIMARC & Museum | 1. Input of the Task Force on the documents provided by the Cultural Heritage Consultant to include the management function of the building and the | 3-12-2021 | Teams Meeting | Reports from the Cultural Heritage Consultant | PM: Chair meeting; gather feedback from the Task Force on the documents provided. | n/a |



| Stakeholder | Message | Date & | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/Notes | Budget |
|-------------|------------------------|--------|----------|------------------|------------------------|--------|
| | | Time | | | | |
| | institutional | | | | | |
| | arrangements with | | | | | |
| | Government. | | | | | |
| | 2. Alternative ways to | | | | | |
| | include these | | | | | |
| | stakeholders in the | | | | | |
| | project. | | | | | |

Sr. Marie Laurance School

Table 1110b

| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/ Notes | Budget |
|--|---|----------------|------------------|---|---|--------|
| School Board & School Management | Status of project Rough timelines How it affects the school board and management, teachers, | 16-11-21 | Teams Meeting | - Joint invitation from NRPB & MECYS | PM: provides meeting agenda and shares abbreviated logistics plan. Arranges meeting and gathers buy- in. | n/a |
| | students, parents and guardians and community. 4. Gather initial | | | PowerPoint presentation, timeline | PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS and School Board for feedback. | |
| | impressions | | | sheet/register of significant remarks | MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed) | |
| | | | | | School Board: provides input to presentation (if needed) | |
| | | | | | Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. | |
| | | | | | Safeguards: comments on developed products. | |



| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/ Notes | Budget |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|------------|--|---|---|
| | | | | | Safeguards: keeps record of attendees and remarks. | |
| Teachers | Introduction to the project, status and rough timelines How it affects all teachers, students, parents and guardians and community. Gather initial impressions | 02-02-22 | ТВА | joint invitation from school board/management / MECYS/NRPB PowerPoint presentation, timeline & artist impressions attendance sheet/register of significant remarks | PM: coordinates program with MECYS and School Board. Shares invitation with MECYS and School Board. School Board: Arranges meeting with teachers and provides venue. PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS and School Board for feedback. MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed) School Board: provides input to presentation (if needed) Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. Safeguards: comments on developed product. Safeguards: keeps record of attendees and remarks. | *Depending on number of teachers. Rental of sound equipment Purchase of drink refreshment |
| Parents and Guardians | Introduction to the project, status and rough timelines How it affects, students, parents and guardians and community. | 03-02-22 | School gym | - joint invitation from school board/management / MECYS/NRPB | PM: coordinates program with MECYS and School Board. Shares invitation with MECYS and School Board. School Board: Arranges meeting with parents and guardians. | Rental of sound equipment Purchase of drink refreshments |



| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/ Notes | Budget |
|-------------|---|----------------|---|--|--|--------|
| | 3. Gather initial impressions | | | PowerPoint presentation, timeline & artist impressions - attendance sheet/register of significant remarks | PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS and School Board for feedback. MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed) School Board: provides input to presentation (if needed) Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. Safeguards: comments on developed products. Safeguards: keeps record of the state of t | |
| Students | Introduction to the project, status and rough timelines How it affects, students Gather initial impressions | 28-01-22 | In classrooms (only safeguards present) | PowerPoint presentation, artist impression register of significant remarks | attendees and remarks.PM: coordinates presentation with MECYS and School Board.School Board: Arranges presentation to students and provides input to presentation (if needed)MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed)MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed)Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards.Safeguards: comments on developed products.Safeguards: keeps record of attendees and remarks. | n/a |



| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/ Notes | Budget |
|------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Adjacent and wider community | Introduction to the project, status, and rough timelines How it affects the surrounding community. Gather initial impressions | 08-02-22 And 10-02-22 (Business Community) | Belvedere community center? | joint invitation from school board/management / MECYS/NRPB PowerPoint presentation, artist's impression Radio commercial/newspape r advertisement attendance sheet/register of significant remarks | PM: coordinates program with MECYS and School Board. Shares invitation with MECYS and School Board. PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS and School Board for feedback. MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed) School Board: provides input to presentation (if needed) Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. Safeguards: keeps record of attendees and remarks. | Rental of sound equipment Purchase of drink refreshments Radio commercial/news paper ad |



Charles Leopold Bell School

Table 10c (For Designs)

| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/ Notes | Budget |
|---|---|--------------------------------|------------------|---|--|--|
| Division of Public Education, MECYS | Status of project Rough timelines How it affects the management, teachers, students, parents and guardians and community. Gather initial impressions | February 2022 | Teams Meeting | Joint invitation from NRPB & MECYS PowerPoint presentation, timeline attendance sheet/register of significant remarks | PM: provides meeting agenda and shares abbreviated logistics plan. Gathers buy-in. PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with MECYS for feedback. MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed) School Board: provides input to presentation (if needed) Sc | n/a |
| Adjacent and wider community Families with interest in the project (Voluntary | Introduction to the project, status and rough timelines How it affects the surrounding community. | Commencing February 2022 | | Joint invitation from school management/MECYS/NRPB PowerPoint presentation and timeline | PM: coordinates program and shares invitation with the wider community.PM: provides input, comments and shares developed products with | Rental of sound equipment Purchase of drink refreshments Radio commercial/newspaper ad |



| Stakeholder | Message | Date & Time | Location | Materials Needed | Responsibilities/ Notes | Budget |
|--|---|-------------|----------|--|---|--------|
| attendance following public announcement of invitation) | 3. Gather initial impressions 4. Gather input into designs | | | Radio commercial/newspaper advertisement Attendance sheet/register of significant remarks | MECYS and school management for feedback. MECYS: provides input to presentation (if needed) School Board: provides input to presentation (if needed) Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. Safeguards: comments on developed products. Comms: develops products and shares with PM and safeguards. | |
| | | | | | Safeguards: keeps record of attendees and remarks. | |



Table 12: Consultations for the CLB Primary with MECYS/Department of Education, NRPB and School Boards

| Timeframe/Date+C3:F13 | Stakeholder | Activity | Outcomes of consultations, key issues discussed |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| 23/06/2021 | MECYS | Meeting | Introducing the Project Coordinator to MECYS: SG, Head Office of Projects and Education Head Office. |
| 16/07/2021 | MECYS /Department of Education | Meeting | Presentation of SNE/IEC Needs Assessment Action Plan and Agreement with MECYS on new timeline for SNE/IEC Needs Assessment assignment. |
| 29/07/2021 | MECYS /Department of Education | Meeting | Presentation of SNE/IEC Design Criteria Draft Report to the MECYS Department of Education school board and discuss inputs and changes recommended on the document. |
| 10/08/2021 | MECYS and school board | Meeting | Presentation of SNE/IEC Needs Assessment Action Plan and Design Criteria Draft Report to the school board; |
| 24/08/2021 | MECYS /Department of Education | Meeting | Meeting with Department of Education on student survey methodology and instruments (Analysis of the questionnaire for teaching staff and professionals in the area of special needs and inclusive education for the second phase of the SNE/IEC Needs Assessment) Meeting with MRT for: (i) presentation; (ii) discussion and; (iii). Pre- approve the Design Criteria Document to be sent to the Ministry. |
| 22/09/2021 | MECYS /Department of Education | On-line Presentation | Presentation of the Design Criteria document to the Minister of ECYS |
| 28/10/2021 | MECYS /Department of Education | Meeting | Presentation and discussion of findings on SNIE Assessment Report |
| 01/11/2021 | MECYS /Department of Education | Meeting | Discussing Policy Framework |
| 01/12/2021 | MECYS | Meeting | Presentation SN/IE Assessment Report and Policy framework to the Minister |



Philipsburg Jubilee Library

Component 2: Philipsburg Jubilee Library

As of October 2020, the PJL Foundation had presented NRPB with the following:

- a Business Case to review;
- an estimated Budget cost USD 18,723,256;
- a letter submitted to MECYS & VROMI of long lease transfer request.

A Task Force was set up by the three main entities/stakeholders of Component 2 of the FRLP, with two representatives from each organisation.

- (1) The Sint Maarten Heritage Foundation and Museum a non-profit organization that was established on October 4th, 1993, as the result of a merger between the St. Maarten National Park Foundation and the St Maarten Museum Foundation.
- (2) The Philipsburg Jubilee Library (PJL) Foundation a body set up to operate the PJL, to "promote, encourage and stimulate active reading of books and all other legible material and everything connected with this in the broadest sense of the word". (*PJL Foundation, Articles of Incorporation*)
- (3) Sint Maarten Archaeological Center (SIMARC) a non-profit foundation, and the official depository for archaeological artifacts collected during fieldwork that has been carried out in St. Maarten. The facility also contained a lab, held heritage educational lectures for students every Monday, and organized activities for the broader community.

The PJL, the museum (SMNHF), and SIMARC signed a Memorandum of Understanding (May 17th, 2018) among the three entities with the objective 'to explore all possibilities for permanent joint housing and possibilities of jointly presenting and rendering services to the public in the future'.

These three entities are of the intention of operating a Heritage Center, at the former Library location.

In 2020, it became clear that the World Bank Trust Fund via NRPB and MECYS, is willing to finance the new library. The NRPB was requested to start the preparation of this project and was asked to take in consideration an MoU between the Library, SIMARC and SMNHF, which expressed an intent to collaborate towards a Cultural Heritage Center. (Source: National Heritage Center Taskforce; Overall Goals and Objectives- Dr. Jay B. Haviser, Chairperson, NHC Taskforce). However, as explained in Chapter 3, such a centre is not within the scope of the finalised project and will not be financed.



The main activities of the Task Force are:

- (i) to act as a steering committee for the proposed Heritage Center component of the FRLP
- (ii) to provide assistance for the Project Management Team during project development
- (iii) determine the Institutional arrangements, to include allocation of the building space for each entity
- (iv) Program of requirements the layout of what the building is going to look like, office/functional allocation of space (IT Room, Multi-media room, commercial spaces for rent to generate income, etc)

Preparation and Goals In the initial preparations, the Taskforce requested, interviewed, and compiled an extensive evaluation of concept drawings by six architects for the facility (in conclusion, three were selected as best options, and one stood-out, as the very best option (DAM Caribbean)). As well, issues of the additional land acquisition for the property, were investigated by the Taskforce at VROMI. In more recent preparation for this Library/Heritage Center, the PJL, SMNHF, and SIMARC have collaborated to determine the List of Requirements of the different functions for the three entities, for submission to the NRPB/WB/MECYS.

Members of the Task Force

Table 13: Members of the Heritage Center Task Force

| Entity | Representative |
|---|--------------------|
| Sint Maarten Heritage Foundation and | Vida Hodge |
| Museum | Amaris Richardson |
| Philipsburg Jubilee Library Foundation | Glenderlin Holiday |
| | Pieter Lucas |
| Sint Maarten Archaeological Center (SIMARC) | Jay Haviser |
| | Paul Ellinger |

The Project Manager of the FRLP convened a meeting with the Task Force in March 2021.

Table 14 presents a summary of additional engagement with stakeholders/beneficiaries of the PJL during the project preparation phase



| Timeframe/Date | Stakeholder | Activity | Outcomes of consultations, key issues discussed |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| 12/03/2021 | JP Library, SXMHF, SIMARC | Meeting | Department of cultures introduce the concept of the cultural industries of the MECYS; discussing the Heritage Center ideas and examples around the world; information about Ministry's and NRPB timeline history; welcome the NRPB representative Romain Laville who provided information about NRPB'S Plans, budget timeline for the FRLP and library component. |
| 19/04/2021 | JP Library, SXMHF, SIMARC, MECYS | Meeting | Additional information about the Project and Implementation Plan was provided and all misunderstandings were cleared off. |
| 20/05/2021 | JP Library, SXMHF, SIMARC, MECYS | Teams-meeting | Project appraisal document. This entails the entirety of the project The spirit of the project Direction of project Allocations of funds Safeguarding instruments of the project Introducing NRPB Consultant on Rebuilding PJL Project |
| 25/05/2021 | JP Library, SXMHF, SIMARC | Meeting | The consultant start communication and collecting data with them. |
| 02/07/2021 | JP Library, SXMHF, SIMARC | Meeting | Presentation of the primary finds on PJL assessment and discussions about design aspects, activities of the 3 entities and space requirement Introducing NRPB Project Coordinator. |
| 05/07/2021 | JP Library | Meeting | Meeting with PJL Representative to understand their aspiration on the new building and Work Plan to be provided for the Business Plan. |
| 05/07/2021 | SXMHF | Meeting | Meeting with SXMHF Representative to understand their aspiration on the new building and Work Plan to be provided for the Business Plan. |

Table 14: Component 2 - Philipsburg Jubilee Library Stakeholders' Consultations (During Project Preparation Phase)



| 05/07/2021 | SIMARC | Meeting | Meeting with SIMARC Representative to understand their aspiration on the new building and Work Plan to be provided for the Business Plan. |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 03/12/2021 | JP Library, SXMHF, SIMARC, MECYS | Meeting / presentation | Presentation and discussion of the Draft Final Report of PJL Assessment Findings and Consensus Document. NRPB |
| 14/12/21 | PJL Foundation, MECYS | Meeting | To discuss the findings and assessment of the Cultural Heritage Consultant. To get their feedback on the report. For input into the designs of the PJL. Discussion on building ownership and governance model PJL prefers to manage the building instead of having a company to manage the building; PJL are doing a different reading of the idea of the MoU signed with the 2 other two institutions in 2018; |
| 15/12/21 | Sint Maarten Museum, MECYS | Meeting | To discuss the findings and assessment of the Cultural Heritage Consultant. To discuss get their feedback on the report. For input into the designs of the PJL. Doubts were clarified to the museum manager regarding the space of the new building. It was explained to the Museum that artifacts and storage cannot be allocated in the new building, only offices, film screening rooms, study rooms. Discussion on building ownership and governance model. Museum prefer a company to manage the building. Museum is in agreement with the idea of the MoU signed with the 2 other |
| 16/12/21 | SIMARC, MECYS | Meeting | institutions in 2018; To discuss the findings and assessment of the Cultural Heritage Consultant. To get their feedback on the report. For input into the designs of the PJL. Doubts were clarified to the SIMARC manager regarding the space of the new building. It was explained to the Museum that artifacts and storage cannot be allocated in the new building, only offices, film screening rooms, study rooms. Discussion on building ownership and governance model. SIMARC prefer a company to manage the building. SIMARC in agreement with the idea of the MoU signed with the 2 other institutions in 2018; |



| Timeframe/Date | Stakeholder | Activity | Outcomes of consultations, keys issues |
|----------------|------------------------------------|----------|---|
| 23/06/2021 | MECYS | Meeting | Introducing the Project Coordinator to MECYS: SG, Head Office of Projects and Education Head Office |
| 21/07/2021 | MECYS/ Department of Culture | Meeting | Discussion on the Governance Options: 3 options were discussed; The owner of the building is the government and a fourth entity will manage the building; The board of the fourth entity is composed of members from the 3 institutions, and the government is prohibited by law from having a seat on the board of institutions that subsidizes; MECYS and NRBP will work on a new document to specify the attributions and functions of the fourth entity. |
| 16/08/2021 | MECYS/ Department of Culture | Meeting | Presentation and discussions on the preliminary results of the PJL assessment to the Department of Culture; Discussion on a more comprehensive assessment to the library with MECYS. Discussion of the library ownership concerns. Discussion on the Land ownership after demolition. Discussion on Ggovernance Model. It was decided to schedule a meeting with VROMI and General Affairs for advice on those matters. |
| 30/08/2021 | VROMI/GENERAL AFFAIRS | Meeting | Discussion of the library ownership concerns. Discussion on the Land ownership after demolition. Laws or decrees that support that the government may withdraw the permission to use the library's land, once the library has been moved to another building and after demolition. Laws or decrees that support that the government is the owner of the building that will build (remembering that the government is the owner of the land and Library has permission to use that land) |



| | | | Their support to them in creating the 4th entity (this fourth entity will receive permission to use the land and permission to manage the building); Their support in the elaboration of an MoU or a Management Agreement between the government and the 4th entity. |
|------------|------------------------------------|---------|--|
| 23/09/2021 | MECYS/ Department of Culture | Meeting | Meeting MECYS Head of Department of Culture for i. Presentation of the Consensus document by the consultant. ii. PJL Land lease requesting and New building construction; iii. Construction of new library just on the land of the building; iv. Finalization of the Consensus Document. |
| 19/10/2021 | MECYS | Meeting | Meeting with SG, NRPB/FRLP Project Manager and MECYS Head of Project on PJL decisions that must be taken by MECYS: discussing 2 other options PJL building ownership and governance, as well subsidy redistribution. |
| 21/10/2021 | MECYS/ Department of Culture | Meeting | Meeting with Department of culture discussing: a. problems on the letter informing NRPB on the long lease; b. options of new JPL building ownership and governance arose in the meeting with SG; c. discussions on subsidy redistribution based on options prepared. |
| 19/11/2021 | MECYS | Meeting | Preparation of the meeting with PJL stakeholders. |



| Date | Stakeholders | Activity | Purpose/Outcomes of Consultations, Key Issues and how they will be addressed. |
|------------|--------------------------|----------|--|
| 08/16/2021 | MECYS | Meeting | i. Presentation of the Needs Assessment document by the consultant. ii. Discussion of the library ownership concerns. iii. Discussion on the Land ownership after demolition. iii. governance Model. Iv. It was decided to schedule a meeting with VROMI and GENERAL AFFAIR for advice on those matters. |
| 14/12/21 | PJL Foundation | Meeting | To discuss the findings and assessment of the Cultural Heritage Consultant. To discuss get their feedback on the report. For input into the designs of the PJL. |
| | | | Discussion on building ownership and governance model PJL prefers to manage the building instead of having a company to manage |
| | | | the building; PJL are doing a different reading of the idea of the MoU signed with the 2 other two institutions in 2018; |
| 15/12/21 | Sint Maarten Museum | Meeting | To discuss the findings and assessment of the Cultural Heritage Consultant. To discuss get their feedback on the report. For input into the designs of the PJL. |
| | | | Doubts were clarified to the museum manager regarding the space of the new building. It was explained to the Museum that artifacts and storage cannot be allocated in the new building, only offices, film screening rooms, study rooms. |
| | | | Discussion on building ownership and governance model. Museum prefer a company to manage the building. |
| | | | Museum is in agreement with the idea of the MoU signed with the 2 other two institutions in 2018; |
| 16/12/21 | VROMI/GENERAL AFFAIRS | Meeting | i. Presentation of the Consensus document by the consultant.ii. Discussion of the library ownership concerns.iii. Discussion on the Land ownership after demolition. |



| 16/12/21 | SIMARC | Meeting | iv. Laws or decrees that support that the government may withdraw the permission to use the library's land, once the library has been moved to another building and after demolition. v. Laws or decrees that support that the government is the owner of the building that will build (remembering that the government is the owner of the land and Library has permission to use that land) vi. Their support them in creating the 4th entity (this fourth entity will receive permission to use the land and permission to manage the building); vii. Their support in the elaboration of an MoU or a Management Agreement between the government and the 4th entity; To discuss the findings and assessment of the Cultural Heritage Consultant. To discuss get their feedback on the report. |
|---------------------------|---|-----------|---|
| | | | For input into the designs of the PJL. Doubts were clarified to the SIMARC manager regarding the space of the new building. It was explained to the Museum that artifacts and storage cannot be allocated in the new building, only offices, film screening rooms, study rooms. Discussion on building ownership and governance model. SIMARC prefer a company to manage the building. Museum is in agreement with the idea of the MoU signed with the 2 other two institutions in 2018; |
| Completed in October 2021 | Users - Primary and Secondary Schools - Tertiary Institutions - General Public | Survey | Baseline survey report available |
| February 2022 | Sister Basilia Center | Interview | |
| February 2022 | Sundial School | Meeting | |



Component 3: MMIS

Table 15: Stakeholder Consultations held for the MMIS

| Timeframe/Date | Stakeholder | Activity | Outcomes of consultations, keys issues and how they will be addressed |
|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| 7/28/2021 | MECYS/MMIS Focal Point | Meeting | Understand MECYS needs in relation to MMIS Understand how many MMIS MECYS has had Understand why MMIS failed Gather data to design a strategy so the MMIS can work successfully investigate the MECYS monitoring, evaluation and learning system design a strategy for MECYS pre-MMIS preliminary activities |
| 7/29/2021 | MECYS/Inspection | Meeting | Understand MECYS education monitoring system Collect data for MMIS Consultant Analysis of education database and spreadsheets; Analysis MECYS education indicators and templates for data collection; |
| 11/23/2021 | MECYS/MMIS Focal Point | Meeting/Presentation | Presenting MECYS M&E System proposal that will host the MMIS |
| 12/6 - 10/2011 | MECYS/Department of culture | Meetings and work sessions | Preparing the Department for MMIS: 1. design the Theory of Change of Department of culture program; 2. start planning activities according to theory of change |



| 12/6 - 10/2012 | MECYS/Department of culture | Meetings and work sessions | Preparing the Department for MMIS: 1. design the Theory of Change of Department of culture program; 2. Planning activities |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 12/13 - 17/2013 | MECYS/Department of culture | Meetings and work sessions | Preparing the Department for MMIS: 1. Finalize the Plan of Activities; 2 - Defining indicators according to the activities and start developing Department of Culture Indicator Matrix |
| 12/20 - 24/2014 | MECYS/Department of culture | Meetings and work sessions | Preparing the Department for MMIS: 1. Finalize Department of Culture Indicator Matrix ; 2 - develop the Indicator tracking table for MMIS; 3 - Develop a ToR for Artists Database |



Consultation Planning for Building Designs

During the design phase (before plans are submitted for permitting and before calling for construction bids) for the CLB and the library, consultations will be held with beneficiaries, teachers and parents, and other interested parties to garner ideas and feedback on the site and building plans.

The plans for the SML are already finalized and have been approved by the Ministry of VROMI. However, these plans will be consulted on with the school community, since this plan approval process was completed over two (2) years ago and the plan are amendable to changes based on feedback and criteria derived from the applicable ESS.

Development of the draft plans for the CLB has not yet started. The consultant is finalizing the assessment report along with a framework/policy document that will highlight government's vision. The program of requirements however is completed and will be used as part of the tender document for the design firm who will start the designs of the new CLB school. It is anticipated that the procurement process will start in the 1st quarter of 2022.

A proposed program of requirements for the library is also in its finalization phase with the consultant providing all relevant documents needed in the tender package for the design firm. When this is completed an internal review of the program of requirements will be conducted to make sure the project stays within budget. Design firm should go out for tender in the 1st quarter of 2021

The Design Firm that prepared the original designs for SML will be contracted to make any changes to the SML school plan, and draft, finalize, and seek approval (or reapproval) and permit issuance through VROMI. For CLB and the Library, a separate firm will be procured. This firm will also be contracted to perform supervision services during the implementation of the works. In terms of consultations with the school community the design firm will be required to be involved in at least one consultation per – site with the school communities and library users. The firm will also be required to support more targeted consultations with some groups who are difficult to reach or have specific interests, such as parents who have children with disabilities. The timing of these consultations will be during the design of the buildings, and the meetings will be organised by the NRPB.

Table 16: Consultation Plan with Beneficiaries on the Design Plans of the Site and Buildings below describes the NBRB's plans for the consultations on the building and site plans with parents, teachers, and library users. Consultations with neighbors on construction impacts and associated E and S issues are described in the table in subsection 9.1 As consultations are completed prior to the SEP being finalized this table will be updated with the main topic and issues discussed in the meetings and how the project proposes to respond to each comment/issue.



| Site/Benefic iaries | Method of Consultation and Frequency | Purpose | Responsible Party for leading the consultation |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| SML School Parents | | Opinion on the designs already approved by Ministry of VROMI | |
| Teachers | Online meeting Three times during project preparation At least once with design firm | Solicitation of suggestions for adjustments to the approved plans (First meeting to review and discuss approved plans Second meeting to present changes made and solicit | NRPB and School Management |
| • | | achers during consultations ar | nd solutions proposed: (To be completed |
| | by parents and tea | achers during consultations ar | nd solutions proposed: (To be completed |
| • | by parents and tea ultations) Social Media Survey or request to send | Survey targeting Parents and Teachers requesting input into the design, based on the school's | nd solutions proposed: (To be completed |
| Issues raised following cons | by parents and tea ultations) Social Media Survey or request to send information via the NRPB Facebook Page | Survey targeting Parents and Teachers requesting input into the design, based on the school's proposed program (ECC in particular) First meeting for NRPB and School Management | nd solutions proposed: (To be completed |
| Issues raised following cons | by parents and tea ultations) Social Media Survey or request to send information via the NRPB Facebook | Survey targeting Parents and Teachers requesting input into the design, based on the school's proposed program (ECC in particular) First meeting for NRPB | nd solutions proposed: (To be completed |
| Issues raised following cons | by parents and tea ultations) Social Media Survey or request to send information via the NRPB Facebook Page | Survey targeting Parents and Teachers requesting input into the design, based on the school's proposed program (ECC in particular) First meeting for NRPB and School Management to present project | |

Table 16: Consultation Plan with Beneficiaries on the Design Plans of the Site and Buildings



| | Social media input to project design Focus group discussions and interviews | Survey and First meeting for NRPB and PJL to present project information/project concept to the general public and targeted stakeholder/focus groups | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Library Users and other beneficiaries | Surveys Three times during project preparation phase | Second meeting to discuss design plans and to solicit feedback. Third meeting to present final designs. | NRPB and PJL Foundation |
| | At least one meeting with Design Firm | | |
| Date and Plac | e: | | |
| Issues raised following cons | | achers during consultations ar | nd solutions proposed: (To be completed |

To support this Stakeholder Engagement Plan a Stakeholder Communication Plan will be further developed and actioned by the Communications Team at the NRPB, it will elaborate on Table 10 of this SEP. The Communication Plan will describe the traditional methods of communication for targeted discussions with stakeholders, and the use of social media platforms to disseminate project information.



9.2 Engagement with Occupant of the PJ Library to be displaced

This sub-section describes the engagement to date held with the individual living in the library and the plans for engagement with him to the development of a Resettlement Action Plan (RAP), and the implementation of the RAP which will occur during project implementation.

Engagement to date:

| Date | Action |
|---|--|
| November 9th, 2021 | Initial observation of occupants at the PJL Site by Project Manager, who informed them of the project. There were two men present, with indications of two additional men who also resided at the site. |
| November 11th, 2021 | Site visits were conducted to confirm the presence of the individuals at the PJL site by Project Manager, Social Safeguards and Resettlement Specialists. Two of the occupants were met on this visit. |
| November 15th, 2021 | The Social Safeguards and Resettlement Specialists confirmed the presence of two (2) individuals. The Team was informed that the other two occupants had vacated the site. |
| November 27th, 2021 | Signs were placed at the three project sites on November 27th, informing the public that the sites are private and should not be entered. There was also confirmation that the CLB and SML Primary School sites are unoccupied. |
| December 8 th and 9 th , 2021 | Resettlement Specialist visited the site and confirmed the presence of one occupant. One of the two who were present at the site visit on November 15th was said to have left the site and no longer resided there. Census survey instrument was developed. |
| December 10th, 2021 | Resettlement and Social Safeguards Specialists visited the PJL site and conducted interview with remaining occupant to determine his current socio-economic situation. |
| | This date is the cut-off date for eligibility for compensation for this project site. |

Follow up to the census:

Data collected on December 10 is being analysed to determine the individual's situation and options for resettlement. The Resettlement Policy Framework designed for the Emergency Debris Management Project (EDMP) will be used a guideline on how to determine eligibility to support.

In addition, the NRPB will assess potential collaboration with NGO's in supporting the resettlement of the person.

A follow-up with the individual is ongoing (January 2022) at which time the following key information is being shared with the impacted person:

- a) Eligibility for compensation
- b) Options for alternative shelter as preferred by the occupant
- c) Scheduling appointments with the relevant social agencies
- d) Cut-off date and implications of the cut-off date
- e) Schedule for preparing the RAP
- f) Information about the Project timeline and need for resettlement
- g) Identification of specific vulnerabilities which need special consideration



Preparation of the RAP:

This will occur by the time the projected is negotiated by the Bank, which is scheduled for February 16th, 2022. Pending the eligibility screening based on the socio-economic information collected during census and consultations, the following key topics may be discussed with the person to be resettled:

- a) What options does the person have for alternative housing
- b) In case of eligibility, options for compensation
- c) Livelihood support
- d) Timing of resettlement and, in case of eligibility, compensation

Implementation of the RAP

The RAP will be implemented following approval by the Bank and with the availability of funds which will most likely come from the project's budget. These funds become available post Board approval and after the project becomes effective (possibly around April 2022) date yet to be established). Key engagement activities with the person to be resettled during RAP implementation will be documented in the RAP. The RAP will not be publicly disclosed as it contains information that can be traced back to the individual, which will be a violation of his privacy.

9.3 Implementation Phase Stakeholder Engagement Methods for Covid 19

Public Consultations During the Covid 19 Pandemic

The National Recovery Program Bureau (NRPB) is mindful of the challenges presented by Covid 19 to comply with health and safety requirements, to ensure the continued safety of the community and other stakeholders of the project. The NRPB will take every measure to avoid COVID-19 transmission risks that may be associated with public consultations, by abiding with the Government of Sint Maarten's COVID-19 Guidelines, the NRPB's Guidelines, the World Bank's protocols and applicable World Health Organization's guidelines which are already in place and are also referenced in the ESMF.

The FRLP, as is done for the other projects within the NRPB, will ensure that project activities are informed by consultations with key stakeholders. The NRPB will continue to use modalities for citizens to express their views when public gatherings face widespread restrictions aimed at reducing the spread of the virus.

During the Project Preparation Phase, the Project Management and Communications Team at the NRPB will use different ways to effectively engage the major stakeholders of the project. This will include the use of available technologies and channels – social media, radio and television programs, print media among others.

Meetings with stakeholders will be held via online platforms (like Zoom and Microsoft Teams). Those households with no internet access will be accommodated via telephone or WhatsApp



messages. Online surveys were conducted for the PJL with different levels of students (primary, secondary and tertiary) and the general public to reduce person-to-person interaction.

As the project proceeds towards the implementation stage, modalities for each type and category of stakeholder will be such that the risk of the spread of Covid 19 will be reduced or eliminated. Specific requirements for engaging the community will focus on the promotion of the FRLP, ensuring disclosure of relevant information throughout the project life cycle and acquisition of feedback from the stakeholders, regardless of their level of influence.

While restrictions on face-to-face gatherings limit some of the usual fora for public dialogue, the NRPB works to keep a two-way channel of communication open, allowing citizens to share information with the Bureau and translating this into targeted responses. This is done through the NRPB's Website, Email, Facebook and LinkedIn pages, for those who have access to these online facilities. Alternatively, the NRPB office is opened to members of the public, following strict Covid 19 guidelines. Printed media and radio are also effective in transmitting information about the NRPB. Members of Management and Staff have been guests on local radio shows, answering calls from the public.

Modalities of Interaction/Consultation During the Covid 19 Pandemic

- Online public consultations (using Microsoft Teams, Zoom or similar software)
- Submission of grievances on the NRPB website or in person at the NRPB office (following established protocols of hand-sanitising, wearing of masks and limited number of people in the office at any one time);
- Use of doorbell, controlled entry by Front Desk Office Assistants.
- Protocols for physically accessing the services of the NRPB are in place (security systems, use of masks while on the premises, social distancing)
- Use of emails
- Use of social media (NRPB Facebook Page, WhatsApp messages, LinkedIn)
- Sharing of videos and online flyers
- Press releases, newspaper articles
- Online surveys
- Posting of documents on social media for public review
- Billboard displays (With project and NRPB Contact information)
- Small group meetings in outdoor spaces, or inside social distanced with masks required.



9.4 Timetable for Disclosure of SEP and other documents

As of mid-November 2021, the schedule for public disclosure in Sint Maarten, of the Environmental and Social documents for the project is shown in the table below.

| Safeguard Instrument | Time Frame | Responsible Entity |
|--|---|--------------------|
| | | |
| Stakeholder Engagement Plan | Draft to be disclosed at Project Appraisal | NRPB |
| | Final to be disclosed prior to project negotiations. | |
| | Updates during project implementation to be disclosed after World Bank Review and/or No Objection | |
| Environmental and Social Management Framework | Draft before appraisal Final to be disclosed before Project Negotiations | NRPB |
| Grievance Redress Mechanism | Draft to be disclosed at Project Appraisal | NRPB |
| | Final to be disclosed prior to project negotiations. | |
| | Updates during project implementation to be disclosed after World Bank Review and/or No Objection | |
| Cultural Heritage Assessment for PJL Library | Prior to Project Appraisal | NRPB |
| Cultural Heritage Management Plan | To be submitted to the Bank for clearance prior to releasing the bidding document for the CLB works | NRPB |



10 Monitoring and Reporting During Project Implementation

Monitoring is a management tool for tracking progress of ongoing projects. The basic idea is to compare actual performance with plans and to measure actual results against expected results. The monitoring function is an integral part of project execution. The same holds for the monitoring and reporting of the activities described in the Stakeholders Engagement Plan. It is necessary to document the procedure and personnel for ensuring that the SEP is executed as planned to ensure that there is adequate communication and feedback with and from the stakeholder community and otherwise. This section:

- (i) outlines the parties responsible within the NRPB, acting as the Project Implementation Unit of the FRLP
- (ii) describes the division of labour between the NRPB and the Works Contractor
- (iii) the reporting format and frequency requested by the NRPB.
- (iv) delineates the level of expertise required of the responsible party within the Works Contractor.

NRPB: The Stakeholders' Engagement Plan was developed by the **NRPB's Safeguards Team** to guide the communication and interaction with Stakeholders, including the project beneficiaries.

The Works Contractor is expected to develop a contract specific Stakeholders Engagement plan (to include a Grievance Redress Mechanism) as a component of the Contractor's Environmental and Social Management Plan (C-ESMP), in-line with the provisions of this SEP, which will focus on communicating with the nearby homes and business during the construction phase.

The **Environmental and Social Safeguards Specialist** hired by the Works Contractor is the point person for management/development of the SEP for the Contractor. SEPs are site specific and should provide a mitigation plan for the negative environmental and social impacts identified in the ESMF prepared for the FRLP. The plan should explain in detail, the activities for stakeholder engagement at each site of the project, following the provisions of the C-ESMP, also developed by the Works Contractor.

The ESMF for this project contains the requirements of the C-ESMP, and these requirements will be in the Procurement Documents for potential bidders. The qualifications and experience required for the post of Environmental and Social Specialist will be described in the Procurement Documents for the project.

Supervision Contractor, hired by the NRPB, is responsible for ensuring that the Works Contractor develops and executes a formally prepared SEP, which will provide effective mitigation measures for any environmental and social impacts outlined in the Contractor-ESMP. The **ESHS Specialist** hired by the Supervision Contractor is expected to monitor the works contractor's implementation of their SEP. Periodic reports with information relevant to the SEP will be described in these reports.



11 Grievance Redress and Feedback Mechanism

NRPB has a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) in place and available for all stakeholders. This GRM is currently being updated and will be finalized in December 2021. A simplified illustration of the internal processes of complaint handling within the GRM is provided below. The time frames which the NRPB will commit to for responding to complaints at each stage will be finalized as part of the updated GRM which will be published on the NRPBs website.

Grievances are often received first at project-level by the contractors' team, or by the NRPB's project team when monitoring. Below describes the three-step internal process regarding complaints on projects that are implemented by the NRPB either identified on a project-level by contractors or other implementing partners or received directly by the NRPB.



NRPB's complaint procedure is published on the website: <u>Complaints Procedure – National</u> <u>Recovery Program Bureau (nrpbsxm.org)</u>. Contact details for filing complaints are shared at public meetings, and once construction begins the contractor will post contact details for the contractors GRM on boards at each site.

The objectives of the Grievance Redress Mechanism are:

- to ensure redress possibilities for affected persons and communities, those working on Trust Fund Projects, NRPB Staff, consultants, implementing partners, community members and all other stakeholders
- (II) to provide processes for the NRPB to handle complaints fairly, efficiently and effectively
- (III) to facilitate quick and effective resolution, and communication thereof, to concerns and complaints
- (IV) to provide transparency on how grievances will be managed internally at the NRPB



11.1 Scope and Definition of a Complaint

A complaint is defined as *an issue, concern, problem or claim (perceived or actual) which an individual, group or community wants addressed by the NRPB.* Requests for information or services are to be distinguished from complaints.

Complaints can be submitted in the country's official languages: English and Dutch, as well as in Spanish and French. Submitting a complaint is free of charge.

All complaints are handled in a confidential manner, meaning that the text of the complaint itself and the documentation relating to the complaint, is only accessible to the Complaints Officer and designated staff members that need to have access in order to address the complaint properly.

Anonymous complaints

Submitting anonymous complaints is possible. Naturally, NRPB's abilities to inform complainants of the follow up and resolution of the complaint is limited if the complainant does not provide a name and contact details.

Complaints can be submitted via the following means:

- (I) NRPB's website
 - Complaints Procedure National Recovery Program Bureau (nrpbsxm.org)
- (II) Telephone
 - ► +1(721) 542-8886/7
 - The complaint form will be completed for you during the phone call, providing your name and contact details is optional.
- (III) E-mail
- Download and complete the complaint form at the link below:

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLScp07AeJ53-M_Piuf12j4owx_4d6m-MRO8BQCMDk06AfBI6g/viewform

- E-mail the completed form to <u>complaints@nrpbsxm.org</u> with "Complaint [name] Project" in the title of the e-mail. For example, "complaint Emergency Recovery Project I". Providing your name and contact details is optional.
- (IV) Social Media messages on the NRPB's Facebook and LinkedIn Pages, respectively
 - SXM National Recovery Program Bureau (facebook.com)
 - https://www.linkedin.com/company/sxmnationalrecovery/mycompany/
- (V) By visiting the office during office hours
 - National Recovery Program Bureau #57 Walter A. Nisbeth Road Philipsburg Sint Maarten
 - The complaint form will be provided, for completion, for further processing of the complaint



The NRPB will provide the necessary assistance in cases whereby complainants experience difficulty submitting a complaint. This could be, but is not limited to, recording the complaint (completing the form) for the individual.

11.2 Levels of Complaints

The table below provides an overview of the three levels of grievances, accompanied by a description of the internal response and the staff member(s) responsible for the management of the complaint.

Table 18: Levels of Grievances

| Level | Description | Internal Response | Responsibility |
|-------|---|---|--|
| 1 | The scale and scope are minor . Often related to minor non- performance of project obligations. The complaint is quickly remediable. When an answer can be provided immediately and/or NRPB is already working on a resolution. | Respond immediately to complainant. Record and report as part of overall reporting process. Does not require internal consultation. | Complaints Officer |
| 2 | The scope and scale are medium. It may relate to gross non- performance of project obligations or minor violations of the law. One-off grievance that requires considered response and actions/commitments to resolve complaint. The complaint is remediable but requires planned efforts. | Needs consultation or input from Project Team and/or Safeguards Specialists and/or Management Team | Complaints Officer |
| 3 | The scale and scope are medium to major . High risk of the complaint being of an irremediable character, e.g. severe health and safety issue and/or law violations. Complaint may be of repeated nature and/or affecting an extensive area or group of persons. May requires significant, comprehensive action. | Needs extensive internal consultation and needs input from relevant ministries and/or external partners, including the WB. | Executive level - NRPB Management Team/Relevant Ministry |



11.3 Grievance Management in Contractor Management Plans

Project-level GRMs will be required to be put in place and managed by the Contractor. These GRMs have a key role in handling complaints about adverse impacts. The requirements for the contractor-level GRM, and the referral process to the NRPB for some complaints will be governed by the C-ESMP for each of the three sites, nonetheless a complainant is free to submit their complaint to the NRPB at any time.

The Contractor's GRM will describe in detail the following processes:

- 1. Uptake (channels available for submitting complaints)
- 2. Investigation and
- 3. Resolution and/or
- 4. Referral of complaints to the NRPB's Program-level GRM

During project execution, the GRM will be disclosed and communicated with stakeholders via the NRPB's Website, LinkedIn and Facebook Pages and other forms of social media previously mentioned. Billboards will also be erected at strategic locations with the GRM's and NRPB contact information, which are available on the website. Other forms of media will be utilized as necessary, to include print media, flyers and radio talk shows. The Communications Team will work in collaboration with the Safeguards Team in this regard.

12 World Bank Grievance Redress Service

The Grievance Redress Service (GRS) is an avenue for individuals and communities to submit complaints directly to the World Bank if they believe that a World Bank- supported project has or is likely to have adverse effects on them, their community, or the environment. The GRS enhances the World Bank's responsiveness and accountability to project-affected communities by ensuring that grievances are promptly reviewed and addressed.

At any point, a complainant may also approach the World Bank's Grievance Redress Service. The World Bank procedures requires the complainant to express their grievances by writing to the World Bank office in Washington DC with the completed GRS complaint form which can be found at the following URL link:

http://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/products-and-services/grievance-redressservice#5.

Complaints will be accepted by email, fax, letter, and by hand delivery to the GRS at the World Bank Headquarters in Washington or World Bank Country Offices.

Email: grievances@worldbank.org Fax: +1-202-614-7313

By letter: The World Bank Grievance Redress Service (GRS) MSN MC 10-1018 NW, Washington, DC 20433, USA

59 FRLP Stakeholder Engagement Plan



13 Budget for the SEP

This is an indicative budget which will be re-assessed periodically to take into consideration the COVID 19 situation. Costs for staff to undertake consultations will be assumed as part of project costs.

| Table 19: | Budget for | Stakeholder | Engagement Activiti | ies |
|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------------|-----|
| | | | | |

| Project stage | Method | Location & Frequency | Target stakeholders | Budget \$US |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|----------------|
| Project Identification | Face to Face and Online Meetings/ Consultations | Consultations were held following the creation of the Trust Fund to determine the projects which will be funded. | GoSM – MECYS, Trust Fund Steering Committee, NRPB | \$2,000 |
| Project Preparation | Face to Face and Online Meetings | Meetings and consultations were held with the different stakeholders during the PP phase. See the tables in chapter 9 for details. | Catholic School Board Ministry of Education Culture, Youth and Sport (MECYS) | \$2,000 |
| Appraisal | Face to Face and Online Meetings | TBD | Parents Teachers (PTAs) | \$2,000 |
| | | | Total Preparation | \$6,000 |
| Implementation | Face to Face and Online Meetings Public Consultations | | Project Communities PTAs School Boards Community Councils Local Businesses MECYS Students/Academia Tourists who Visit the Library | \$1,000 |
| | | | | |
| | | | Total Implementation | \$13,000 |



Annex 1: Priority List for Public Buildings

| Priority per facility | | Insurance | PRIORITY Trust |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | Funds Payment | Fund + Assessment |
| Charles Leopold Bell School | 1 | | 1 |
| Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. School | 1 | \$ 767.406.00 | In Procurement |
| Leonald Connor School | 1 | | 2 |
| Oranje School | 1 | \$ 201.410.00 | In Procurement |
| Ruby Labega Primary School | 1 | \$ 830.921.00 | In Procurement |
| Dr. Alma Fleming-Rogers Care Center | 1 | \$ 207.744.00 | In Procurement |
| M. Genevieve de Weever School | 1 | \$ 353.618.00 | In Procurement |
| St. Maarten Vocational School | 1 | \$ 304.005.00 | In Procurement |
| Prins Willem Alexander School | 1 | 0.000.000 | mmocurement |
| NIPA | 1 | | 3 |
| H. Snijders Hillside Christian School | 1 | | 4 |
| Asha Stevens Hillside Christian School | 1 | | 5 |
| M.A.C. Browlia Maillard Campus | 1 | | 6 |
| M.A.C High School | 1 | | 7 |
| Sister Marie Laurence Primary School | 1 | \$ 275.002.00 | 8 |
| Sister Regina Primary School | 1 | <i>↓ 2701002100</i> | 9 |
| Sundial School | 1 | \$ 233.066.00 | 10 |
| St. Dominic Primary School | 1 | \$ 136.573.00 | 10 |
| Sint Joseph School | 1 | , 2001070100 | 12 |
| Seventh Day Adventist School | 1 | \$ 288.414.00 | 13 |
| St. Dominic High School | 1 | | 14 |
| SXM Academy | 1 | | 15 |
| Milton Peters College | 1 | | 16 |
| University of Sint Maarten | 1 | | 17 |
| SXM Academy PSVE | 1 | | 18 |
| Sister Borgia Elementary School | 1 | | 19 |
| M.A.C John A. Gumbs | 1 | | 20 |
| Sister Magda Primary School | 1 | | 21 |
| Philipsburg Jubilee Library | 2 | | 22 |
| Raoul Illidge Sports Complex | 3 | | 23 |
| Johan Cruyff Sport Facility | 3 | | 24 |
| Melford Hazel Sport Building | 3 | | 25 |
| L.B. Scott Sports Auditorium | 3 | | 26 |
| Jose Lake Sr. Ball Park | 3 | | 27 |
| Rupert Maynard Community Center | 4 | | 28 |
| John Larmonie Community Center | 4 | | 29 |
| Philipsburg Cultural and Community Center | 4 | | 30 |
| South Reward sportcourt (MPC) | 5 | | 31 |
| Cay Bay sportcourt (Leonald Connor School) | 5 | | 32 |
| Simpson Bay sportcourt (Sr. Regina Schools) | 5 | | 33 |
| Middle Region sportcourt (Sr. Marie Laurence) | 5 | | 34 |
| Colebay sportcourt (C. Leopold Bell School) | 5 | | 35 |
| Dutch Quarter sportcourt (MLK school) | 5 | | 36 |
| St. Peters sportcourt (RPM Community Center) | 5 | | 37 |
| Little League Stadium | 6 | | 38 |



Annex 2: Ministry of VROMI Damage Assessment Report (November, 2017)

| Government Public Schools Charles Leopold Bell School | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---|--|---|---------------|-----------------|
| September 12 th , 2017 | | | | | | |
| Impact Area | Yes / No | Elucidation: | Actions: | Total Unit (m2 etc.) | Unit Price | Estimated Cost: |
| A. Structural Damage (Building, ceiling, doors, fencing, gates, windows, rolling system etc.) | Yes | Roof structure destroyed over 6 classrooms; Parapet wall were destroyed; Ring beam at certain areas damaged; Ceiling tiles (and system) destroyed.; Damaged doors; Several windows blown out; Fixed glass windows damaged; Glass louvres windows broken; Aluminum shutters damaged; | A new structure will have to be rebuilt; To be rebuilt where necessary; To be rebuilt to facilitate new roof; New ceiling to be constructed; Door are to be replaced; New windows to placed; Broken louvres to be replaced; Louvres to be replaced; New shutters to be placed; New shutters to be placed; | 418m²; 100m²; 20.7m³; 481m² 6 doors; aprx size; 0.9mx2.0m; 11 windows: aprx size: 1.5mx 2.5m; 2 windows: 0.4mx 0.7m; 37 pieces; 0.15mx1.00 m; 0.9mx0.6m | | 1. ; |
| B. Technical Damage: | Yes | 1. | 1. | | | |
| C. Flooding (Yard, classrooms, offices, etc.) | Yes | | | | | |

| D. School Material / Furniture (Books, desks, chairs, cupboards etc.) | No | | | | | |
|--|-----|--|---|--|---|--|
| E. Open area / Playground (Damages etc.) | Yes | Basketball court poles down and damaged; Fencing down; Gate down | New poles are to be placed; 2. | 2 basketball poles | | |
| F. Availability of classroom/office space (Rooms available for immediate use) | No | | | | | |
| G. Damaged Equipment (Office Equipment /Computer Equipment) | | | | | | |
| Total | | | • | • | • | |



Annex 3: Letter from MECYS to Steering Committee of the World Bank Trust Fund



Minister of Education, Culture, Youth & Sport

Wycliffe Smith

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To: Steering Committee of the World Bank Trust Fund Att: Mr. Frans Weekers Mr. Marcel Gumbs Ms. Tahseen Sayed-Khan

DIV#: 9068A-19

Philipsburg, MAY 1 5 2019

Subject: MECYS' priorities in the Education Master Plan

Dear Members of the Steering Committee,

With this email, I would like to thank you for the constructive meeting that we had on Monday May 13, 2019 and hereby express my appreciation for the great interest that you showed in the plans and priorities that were presented by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Youth and Sport (MECYS). During said meeting we also discussed the challenges we are faced with in the education sector and the possible options on how to accelerate the implementation of the recovery plan as it relates to MECYS.

The main topic of our discussion centered around the Education Master Plan which was approved by the Council of Ministers and subsequently submitted to the National Recovery and Planning Bureau (NRPB).

Consequently at the end of our meeting we agreed that I would submit the following requests and proposals to the Steering Committee for approval:

- Technical assistance to review the Education Master Plan and to advise on its further development and on the prioritization of the items mentioned in said plan;
- 2) Lifting the UNICEF Proposal out of the Education Master Plan so that the review and implementation of said proposal can be expedited. However, I must caution here that the UNICEF Plan is not a standalone proposal but is intrinsically tied to the gamut of psycho-social programs and activities in the education sector. Hence, my request to the Steering Committee is to review Component 2 (Care and special aid component program) in the Education Master Plan as a total package which is currently estimated at 10 million USD;
- 3) Lifting the Philipsburg Jubilee Library, including the Museum and SIMARC (*Subcomponent 5*) out of the Education Master Plan. The amount estimated for this project amounts **11.8 million USD**. Since the Library, the Museum and SIMARC have established a Taskforce, the Minister will request this Taskforce to submit preliminary designs and plans as soon as possible so they can be sent to the Steering Committee who will then take a decision on the Library/Museum/SIMARC Project;





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- 4) Public Expenditure Review: approximately 25% of the national budget of Sint Maarten is allocated to the Ministry of Education, Culture, Youth and Sport (MECYS). As Minister of ECYS I need to ascertain as soon as possible if, the country's finances allocated to education are being spent effectively, efficiently and equitably. Hence, a Public Review Expenditure (PER) is of utmost importance as quickly as possible. However, it is not wise to put other priority projects on hold while planning and conducting a PER. Consequently, the Ministry wishes to simultaneously also proceed to tackle the other priority projects that are included in the Education Master Plan;
- 5) Capacity: During the meeting, the Ministry raised the issue of the lack of capacity as a serious challenge. Because, in addition to dealing with the everyday operations of the Ministry, the staff also has to handle matters pertaining to the emergency recovery projects, which, undoubtedly compounds an already understaffed Ministry. The possibility of acquiring Technical Assistance (TA) from the World Bank as well as from the Netherlands was discussed. One such TA that all present agreed upon was the need for a project manager to deal with the infrastructural aspects of the reconstruction of the various facilities which fall under the purview of MECYS.

During our very fruitful discussion, mention was made of the fact to tackle projects that would offer stakeholders i.e. World Bank, MECYS, the people/students of Sint Maarten a quick win. In other words, it would be a win-win for all concerned. Two projects that were immediately tabled by the Ministry were:

- Charles Leopold Bell School that caters to special needs students. Unfortunately, this school was totally destroyed by hurricane Irma and the program was adapted and relocated to another school in another district. The Charles Leopold Bell School is mentioned under Sub-component 2 of Component 1 of the Education Master Plan and,
- 2. Sister Marie Laurence Primary School, which was also severely damaged by hurricane Irma. The School Board has drafted a project dossier and has already secured approximately US\$ 400.000 via local and international Rotary Clubs for soft materials. Currently, the school is sharing the facilities of a sister school in another district. Given the location and the school population, of the Sister Marie Laurence Primary School, the School Board would like to reconstruct the school and turn it into an exceptional community school that would cater to children, adults, and parents of the community. The Sister Marie Laurence Primary School is also mentioned under *Sub-component 3 of Component 1 of the Education Master Plan.*

The assessment from the World Bank's technical experts (ERP1) shows us, that these two schools need to be rebuild completely. Furthermore, according to Priority List for public buildings that was approved by the Council of Ministers, the reconstruction of these two schools has the highest priority. Based on expert calculations, an average of USD 5 million per school is estimated for the





Minister of Education, Culture, Youth & Sport

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reconstruction of each school. Consequently, the reconstruction of both schools would cost approximately **10 million USD**.

Attached, please find the Education Master Plan that was approved by the Council of Ministers. Should you require additional information concerning said plan, then do not hesitate to contact me. Please note that the detailed plans are available if required.

Looking forward to your positive decision.

Respectfully yours,

Wycliffe S. Smith, M: A. M. Ed. Minister of Education, Culture, Youth and Sport

CC:

Mrs. L. Romeo-Marlin, Prime Minister Mr. C. Connor, Director NRPB Mrs. S. Powell-Richardson, Acting SG, MECYS Mrs. S. Aafjes, Policy Advisor, Staff Bureau, MECYS